

HiveForce Labs

THREAT ADVISORY

 **ATTACK REPORT**

Efimer Trojan: From Fake Lawsuits to Crypto Heists

Date of Publication

August 13, 2025

Admiralty Code

A1

TA Number

TA2025248

Summary

Attack Discovered: October 2024

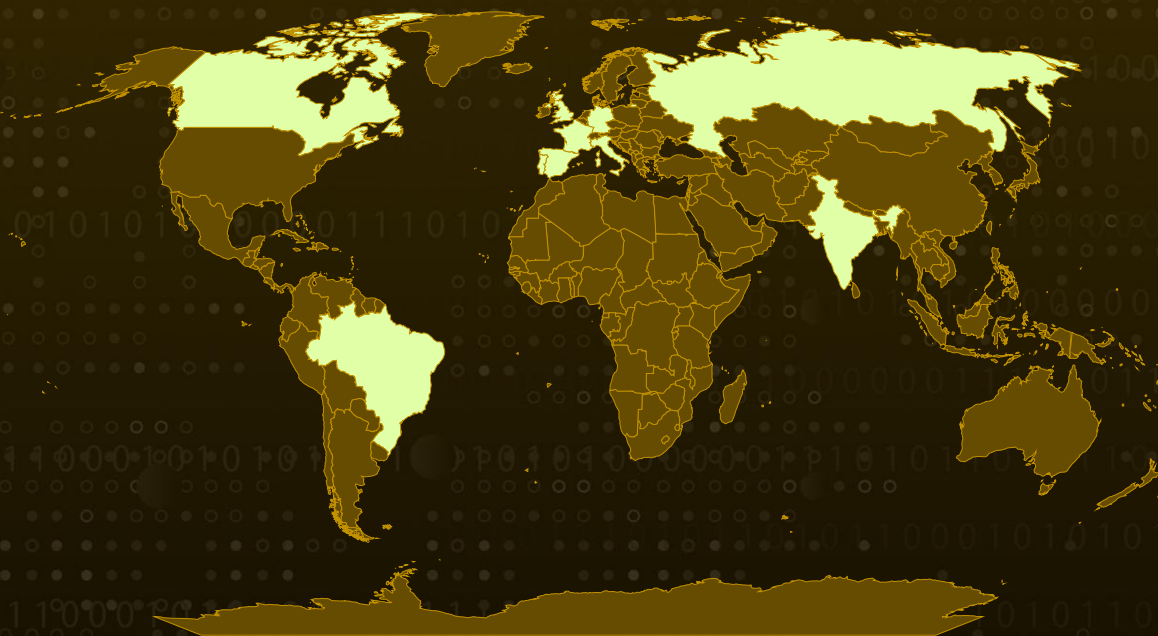
Targeted Countries: Brazil, India, Spain, Russia, Italy, Germany, UK, Canada, France, Portugal

Targeted Industry: Cryptocurrency

Malware: Efimer

Attack: A large-scale cybercrime operation is leveraging phishing emails, compromised WordPress sites, and fake torrent downloads to distribute the Efimer Trojan, a stealthy cryptocurrency-stealing malware. Disguised as legal notices from major law firms, the emails pressure recipients over alleged domain trademark infringements to lure them into opening malicious attachments. Once active, Efimer hijacks clipboard data, swaps wallet addresses, and steals recovery phrases, using the Tor network for covert communication. Beyond phishing, the attackers brute-force WordPress admin credentials to host malicious payloads and harvest email addresses for future spam, targeting cryptocurrency users, website owners, and unwary downloaders alike.

Attack Regions



Attack Details

#1

A sweeping phishing operation has been making the rounds, masquerading as urgent legal notices from well-known law firms. The emails falsely accused website owners of trademark infringement, alleging that certain words or phrases in their domain names violated registered trademarks. Behind this convincing legal façade lurked Efimer, a cryptocurrency-stealing Trojan. First detected in late 2024 spreading through compromised WordPress sites, the malware's operators expanded their tactics in June with large-scale phishing campaigns to reach a wider pool of victims.

#2

The phishing emails arrived with a ZIP archive containing a password-protected file and a decoy text document labelled "password." To bypass automated scanning tools, the attackers embedded a special Unicode character in the filename, making it harder for security systems to read the password directly. Once opened, the archive revealed a Windows Script File that quietly deployed the Efimer Trojan. When run with elevated privileges, Efimer excluded its installation folder from Windows Defender scans, created persistence in the Windows registry, and threw up a fake error message to mislead the victim into thinking nothing had happened.

#3

Efimer functions as a ClipBanker Trojan, designed to monitor the clipboard for cryptocurrency wallet addresses or mnemonic recovery phrases. If detected, it swiftly swaps them with attacker-controlled addresses, redirecting funds without the victim's knowledge. To avoid detection during communication with its C2 server, the malware installs a Tor proxy client, downloaded from several hardcoded sources to ensure availability. Efimer also hunts for "SEED" files containing wallet recovery phrases, exfiltrates them to its operators, and captures screenshots for additional intelligence gathering.

#4

The malware also spreads through WordPress websites and fake torrent downloads disguised as pirated films. Victims are enticed to download an XMPEG video file bundled with a fake media player, which is in fact another Efimer installer, this time preloaded with spoofed cryptocurrency wallet addresses for multiple digital currencies. The operation uses additional scripts from the C2 to brute-force WordPress admin credentials, generating password guesses from Wikipedia-sourced words and exploiting compromised sites to host malicious payloads.

#5

These auxiliary modules reveal the scale of the attackers' infrastructure. Some scripts harvest email addresses from targeted sites, while others automate brute-force attacks and credential stuffing. They operate on constant loops, checking in with the C2 server for new instructions, from executing remote JavaScript code to wiping all traces of malware via a "KILL" command. In certain cases, stolen data is encrypted before being sent to the attackers, giving the operation an added layer of stealth.

Recommendations



Be cautious with unexpected emails: If you get an email claiming you’ve broken the law or infringed trademarks especially if it comes with an attachment treat it as suspicious. Legitimate legal notices will not arrive via a random ZIP file.



Avoid shady downloads: Stay away from pirated movies, torrents, or “free” downloads from unknown sources. These are common tricks cybercriminals use to deliver malware like Efimer.



Secure your website: If you run a WordPress site, update your themes, plugins, and core software regularly. Use strong, unique passwords and enable two-factor authentication to keep attackers out.



Enhance Endpoint Protection: Deploy next-generation antivirus (NGAV) and endpoint detection & response (EDR) solutions to identify and block malware. Leverage behavioral analysis and machine learning-based detection to spot suspicious activity.



Potential MITRE ATT&CK TTPs

<u>TA0001</u> Initial Access	<u>TA0002</u> Execution	<u>TA0003</u> Persistence	<u>TA0005</u> Defense Evasion
<u>TA0006</u> Credential Access	<u>TA0007</u> Discovery	<u>TA0009</u> Collection	<u>TA0010</u> Exfiltration
<u>TA0011</u> Command and Control	<u>TA0040</u> Impact	<u>T1566</u> Phishing	<u>T1566.001</u> Spearphishing Attachment
<u>T1189</u> Drive-by Compromise	<u>T1204</u> User Execution	<u>T1204.002</u> Malicious File	<u>T1059</u> Command and Scripting Interpreter
<u>T1059.007</u> JavaScript	<u>T1059.001</u> PowerShell	<u>T1041</u> Exfiltration Over C2 Channel	<u>T1565</u> Data Manipulation

<u>T1547</u> Boot or Logon Autostart Execution	<u>T1547.001</u> Registry Run Keys / Startup Folder	<u>T1562</u> Impair Defenses	<u>T1027</u> Obfuscated Files or Information
<u>T1110</u> Brute Force	<u>T1082</u> System Information Discovery	<u>T1115</u> Clipboard Data	<u>T1113</u> Screen Capture
<u>T1056</u> Input Capture	<u>T1005</u> Data from Local System	<u>T1071</u> Application Layer Protocol	<u>T1071.001</u> Web Protocols
<u>T1090</u> Proxy	<u>T1090.003</u> Multi-hop Proxy	<u>T1036</u> Masquerading	

🔪 Indicators of Compromise (IOCs)

TYPE	VALUE
MD5	39fa36b9bfcf6fd4388eb586e2798d1a, 5ba59f9e6431017277db39ed5994d363, 442ab067bf78067f5db5d515897db15c, 16057e720be5f29e5b02061520068101, 627dc31da795b9ab4b8de8ee58fbf952, 0f5404aa252f28c61b08390d52b7a054, Eb54c2ff2f62da5d2295ab96eb8d8843, 100620a913f0e0a538b115dbace78589, B405a61195aa82a37dc1cca0b0e7d6c1, 5d132fb6ec6fac12f01687f2c0375353
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TYPE	VALUE
URLs	hxxps[:]//lovetahq[.]com/sinners-2025-torent-file/, hxxps[:]//lovetahq[.]com/wp-content/uploads/2025/04/movie_39055_xmpg[.]zip, hxxp[:]//cgky6bn6ux5wvlybtmm3z255igt52ljml2ngnc5qp3cnw5jlglamisa d[.]onion hxxp[:]//he5vnov645txpcv57el2thekey2elesn24ebvgwfoewlpftksxp4fnxa d[.]onion



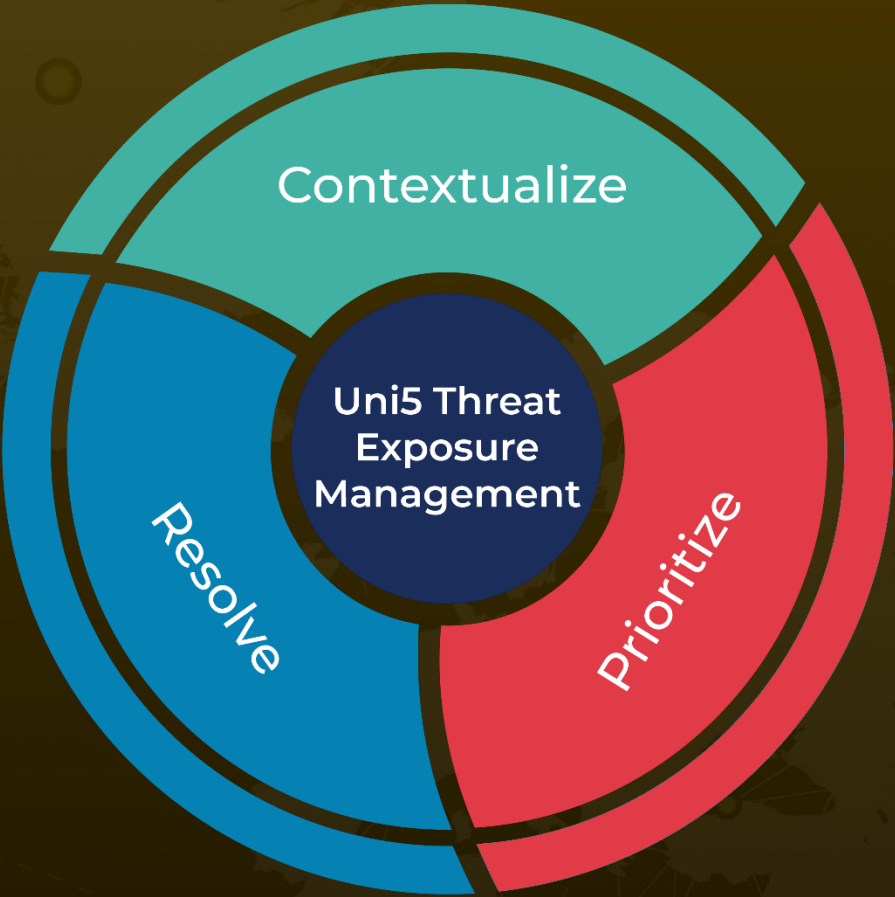
References

<https://securelist.com/efimer-trojan/117148/>

What Next?

At Hive Pro, it is our mission to detect the most likely threats to your organization and to help you prevent them from happening.

Book a free demo with HivePro Uni5: Threat Exposure Management Platform.



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