

HiveForce Labs

THREAT ADVISORY



VULNERABILITY REPORT

CVE-2025-3248 in Langflow Actively Exploited by Flodrix Botnet

Date of Publication

May 6, 2025

Date of Publication

June 19, 2025

Admiralty Code

A1

TA Number

TA2025137

Summary

First Seen: February 22, 2025

Affected Product: Langflow

Malware: Flodrix botnet

Impact: CVE-2025-3248 is a critical RCE vulnerability in Langflow <1.3.0, caused by unsafe use of Python's `exec()` in the `/api/v1/validate/code` endpoint, allowing unauthenticated attackers to execute arbitrary code via decorators or default arguments. This can lead to full system compromise without authentication. Public PoCs exist, and active attacks, including Flodrix botnet infections, are targeting publicly accessible Langflow instances. Upgrade to Langflow 1.3.0 or restrict endpoint access immediately to mitigate this severe threat.



CVE

CVE	NAME	AFFECTED PRODUCT	ZERO-DAY	CISA KEV	PATCH
CVE-2025-3248	Langflow Missing Authentication Vulnerability	Langflow			

Vulnerability Details

#1

CVE-2025-3248 is a critical remote code execution (RCE) vulnerability affecting Langflow versions prior to 1.3.0. Langflow is an open-source tool (58K+ GitHub stars) for building AI-driven agents via a visual web interface. The flaw lies in the `/api/v1/validate/code` endpoint, which improperly uses Python's `exec()` function on user-supplied code without sufficient input validation or authentication. This allows unauthenticated attackers to inject and execute arbitrary Python code on the server, leading to full system compromise without requiring any credentials.

#2

The vulnerability arises because Langflow parses and processes user-submitted code by compiling it into an Abstract Syntax Tree (AST), during which Python decorators and default argument values are evaluated immediately. Attackers exploit this behavior by embedding malicious payloads in these constructs, which execute as soon as the code is processed. Since the endpoint is exposed and lacks sandboxing, the attack requires no user interaction and is trivially exploitable.



#3

The vulnerability has a CVSS score of 9.8, reflecting its critical severity and ease of exploitation. Successful exploitation allows full OS-level control, enabling attackers to read sensitive files (e.g., /etc/passwd), deploy malware, exfiltrate data, and move laterally within the network.

#4

Active exploitation of CVE-2025-3248 has been observed in the wild. Mass scanning from TOR exit nodes has been detected, alongside attacks aimed at reading environment variables and system files. Notably, the Flodrix botnet is actively exploiting this flaw to infect vulnerable Langflow servers. The botnet leverages downloader scripts, often deceptively named “docker”, to retrieve and execute ELF binaries across various architectures. Flodrix exhibits anti-forensic and stealth capabilities, including process obfuscation, self-deletion, and C2-based command retrieval.

#5

As of June 2025, over 900 Langflow instances remain publicly exposed, with hundreds of malicious IPs actively probing for this vulnerability. This incident highlights the urgent need for secure coding practices, particularly regarding input validation, authentication, and sandboxing in AI platforms that process user-supplied code.

Vulnerabilities

CVE ID	AFFECTED PRODUCTS	AFFECTED CPE	CWE ID
CVE-2025-3248	Langflow versions prior to 1.3.0	cpe:2.3:a:langflow-ai:langflow:*:*:*:*:*	CWE-306

Recommendations



Upgrade Langflow: Immediately update to Langflow version 1.3.0 or later, where the vulnerability has been patched. This is the most effective and recommended fix.



Restrict Endpoint Access: Ensure the /api/v1/validate/code endpoint is not exposed to the internet. Limit access using firewalls, reverse proxies, or VPNs.



Enforce Authentication: If updating isn't immediately possible, implement authentication controls at the network or application level to restrict access to the validation endpoint.



Monitor for Exploitation Attempts: Watch for unusual POST requests to the /validate/code endpoint or signs of subprocess execution (e.g., os.system, subprocess usage) in logs. Implement alerting for known exploit patterns.



Potential MITRE ATT&CK TTPs

<u>TA0042</u> Resource Development	<u>TA0001</u> Initial Access	<u>TA0002</u> Execution	<u>TA0004</u> Privilege Escalation
<u>TA0005</u> Defense Evasion	<u>TA0010</u> Exfiltration	<u>TA0011</u> Command and Control	<u>TA0040</u> Impact
<u>TA0043</u> Reconnaissance	<u>TA0007</u> Discovery	<u>T1204</u> User Execution	<u>T1588.006</u> Vulnerabilities
<u>T1210</u> Exploitation of Remote Services	<u>T1588</u> Obtain Capabilities	<u>T1588.005</u> Exploits	<u>T1059.006</u> Python
<u>T1595</u> Active Scanning	<u>T1595.002</u> Vulnerability Scanning	<u>T1498</u> Network Denial of Service	<u>T1041</u> Exfiltration Over C2 Channel
<u>T1070</u> Indicator Removal	<u>T1071.001</u> Web Protocols	<u>T1071</u> Application Layer Protocol	<u>T1059</u> Command and Scripting Interpreter
<u>T1033</u> System Owner/User Discovery	<u>T1027</u> Obfuscated Files or Information	<u>T1204.002</u> Malicious File	<u>T1190</u> Exploit Public-Facing Application

✂ Indicators of Compromise (IOCs)

TYPE	VALUE
SHA256	EC0F2960164CDCF265ED78E66476459337C03ACB469B6B302E1E8AE01C35D7EC, 52A034E732BCE0CB10FBFAE6F3C208FFB885D490FBCD70BAD62FB2E32A7C33F8, E4AEA6EE7005EE4B500E0B8673B69EA91D1A7532FACAD653E575BA29824845D9, 7BDBF2766AD55F9A67BFBB97A32D308530E4B5959BB68A9ACB22326DFEE8F282, E08E03091DEFB5006792934389AA350E8C48C37E59E282EF8FE3C3F126212E20, 57CEDC81378F98E568539CC653349FF70EF851A6D51886FD2560F30DF5E31BBD, C97128A452FF24D9BA70A3A7674C1D7AD21BABC9C75E7C34330BADDAAEEA3D4BD, 80C956C5F279A436E7CF81B3E47333144DA5EF39BD76BD8C4A65E4571125EA7A, DC9A484F4910EE08EB22AFAB8D328EEF5328C9A5A8ABC6A50062E2065262A81F, 4AA59DDE4C8DA2CFF1A3AFE02DB3AE6C00D99E698DB11838B791E1D6C582FFB6, 912573354E6ED5D744F490847B66CB63654D037EF595C147FC5A4369FEF3BFEE, 09EFD15FF0317424B9B964626DA5E42D68B3CE91F509B16DAD9892D156D3EABE, 1E5E9723C6B492C477471CCCB4D7B26AAE653B0C5491C29739F784C664699D36, AB0F9774CA88994091DB0AE328D98F45034F653BD34E4F5E85679A972D3A039C, C2BCDD6E3CC82C4C4DB6AAF8018B8484407A3E3FCE8F60828D2087B2568ECCA4, A6CF8124E9B4558AACC7DDFA24B440454B904B937929BE203ED088B1040D1B36, EC52F75268B2F04B84A85E08D56581316BD5CCFEB977E002EB43270FE713F307, CCB02DCE1BCA9C3869E1E1D1774764E82206026378D1250AED324F1B7F9B1F11, 9991C664C052EC407E53439AC6BB4DF3CBBE3E54AF243D007A39D8A3DAB935B9, F73B554E6AA7095CFC79CDB687204D99533AEDA73309106BA6CC9428FF57BD1E, EE84591092A971C965B4E88CC5D6E8C2F07773B3BEE1486F3A52483EE72A2B3B,

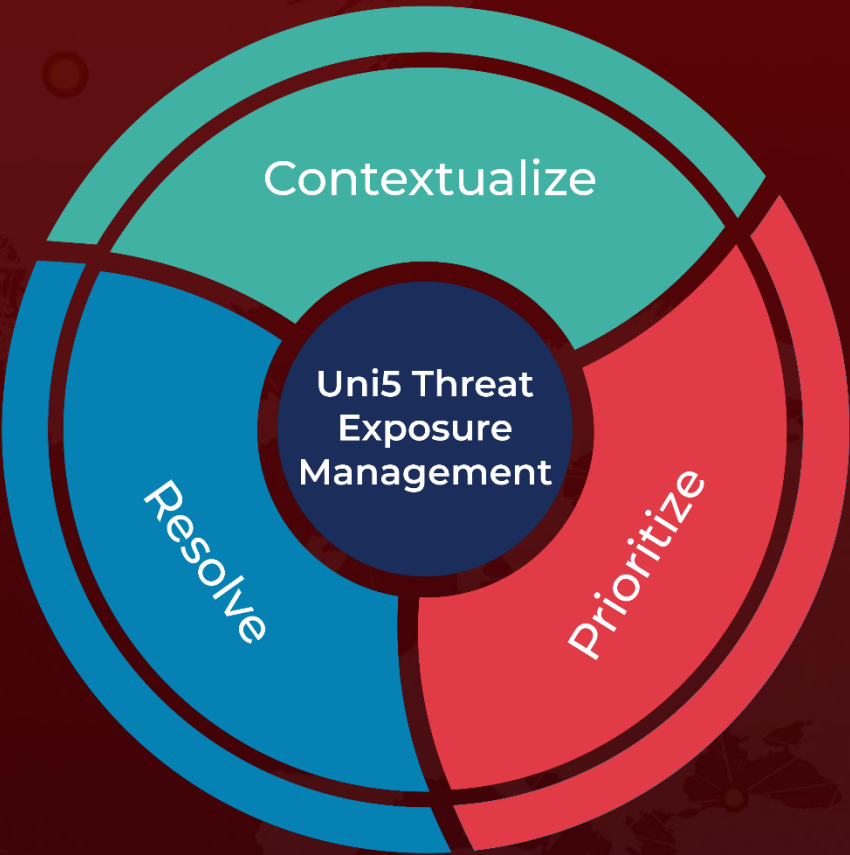
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What Next?

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