

Threat Level

HiveForce Labs THREAT ADVISORY



New Embargo Rust-Based Ransomware Threat for Cross-Platform Systems

Date of Publication

Admiralty Code

TA Number

October 28, 2024

A1

TA2024414

Summary

First Appearance: May 2024 Malware: Embargo ransomware Targeted Countries: Worldwide

Affected Platforms: Windows and Linux

Attack: Embargo ransomware, first identified in mid-2024, operates as a RaaS model, targeting both Windows and Linux systems through the Rust programming language. Its toolkit includes MDeployer, which deploys the ransomware and disables security defenses, and MS4Killer, which terminates security processes using vulnerable drivers for kernel access. The group employs a double-extortion strategy, exfiltrating sensitive data alongside encryption. With ongoing development and adaptability, Embargo poses a significant threat to organizations globally.

X Attack Regions

THREAT ADVISORY • ATTACK REPORT (Red)

2 🕃 Hive Pro

Attack Details

#1

TT ,

#4

#5

Embargo ransomware is a sophisticated and emerging threat, first identified in June 2024, with its initial public appearance noted in May of the same year. Suspected to operate as a ransomware-as-a-service (RaaS) model, it allows affiliates to deploy the ransomware in exchange for a share of ransom payments. Embargo uses Rust, a preferred language for ransomware, allowing it to target both Windows and Linux systems.

The Embargo ransomware toolkit consists of two primary components, MDeployer and MS4Killer. MDeployer acts as the main loader, responsible for deploying the ransomware and accompanying tools. It decrypts and executes two payloads: MS4Killer, an EDR (Endpoint Detection and Response) killer, and the actual ransomware payload. Notably, MDeployer is actively developed, with different versions observed in single attacks, indicating ongoing refinement and adaptation to bypass security defenses.

MS4Killer specifically targets security products by employing a technique known as "Bring Your Own Vulnerable Driver" (BYOVD). This tool disables security solutions by terminating their processes, allowing the ransomware to execute undetected. MS4Killer is tailored to each victim's environment, using a vulnerable driver embedded within it to gain kernel-level access, which significantly enhances the attack's effectiveness.

Embargo employs a double-extortion strategy, encrypting files and exfiltrating sensitive data to pressure victims into paying ransoms. The group has shown an ability to adapt its tools during attacks, customizing them based on the specific security solutions used by victims. For example, MDeployer can reboot systems into Safe Mode to bypass security measures that are typically active in standard operating modes, enhancing Embargo's threat potential.

Embargo is linked to several high-profile attacks, including those on the Summerville Police Department and Firstmac Limited, the group communicates with victims through secure messaging platforms like Tox and maintains a leak site to further pressurize victims. Its ongoing development and adaptive strategies make Embargo a significant and growing threat to organizations globally.

Recommendations



Implement Robust Endpoint Protection: Deploy advanced endpoint protection solutions that include behavior-based detection, machine learning algorithms, and threat intelligence. These solutions can detect and block malicious activities associated with Embargo ransomware, such as file encryption and unauthorized processes. Regularly update endpoint security software to ensure protection against the latest threats.



Patch and Update Software: Keep all operating systems, applications, and firmware up to date with the latest security patches and updates. By promptly applying patches, organizations can mitigate the risk of these vulnerabilities being exploited and prevent unauthorized access to their networks.

Conduct Regular Data Backups and Test Restoration: Regularly backup critical data and systems, store them securely offline. Test restoration processes to ensure backup integrity and availability. In case of a Embargo ransomware attack, up-to-date backups enable recovery without paying the ransom.

Access Control and Least Privilege: Enforce the principle of least privilege, ensuring that users and applications have only the minimum access required to perform their functions. This limits the potential impact of a ransomware attack.

Network Segmentation: Divide the network into segments to limit the spread of ransomware. This can help contain the damage and protect sensitive data.

Potential <u>MITRE ATT&CK</u> TTPs

| TA0042 | TA0002 | TA0003 | TA0005 | |
|---|--|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Resource Development | Execution | Persistence | Defense Evasion | |
| TA0007 | TA0040 | T1587 | <u>T1587.001</u> | |
| Discovery | Impact | Develop Capabilities | Malware | |
| T1059 Command and Scripting Interpreter | T1059.003 Windows Command Shell | <u>T1059.001</u> PowerShell | T1053 Scheduled Task/Job | |
| T1053.005 Scheduled Task | <u>T1569</u> System Services | T1569.002 Service Execution | T1547 Boot or Logon Autostart Execution | |



011000101010101010000001110

| T1547.001 Registry Run Keys / Startup Folder | T1136 Create Account | T1136.002 Domain Account | <u>T1562</u> Impair Defenses | |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| T1562.001 Disable or Modify Tools | T1562.009 Safe Mode Boot | T1070 Indicator Removal | T1070.004 File Deletion | |
| T1112 Modify Registry | T1027 Obfuscated Files or Information | T1027.013 Encrypted/Encoded File | T1135 Network Share Discovery | |
| T1083 File and Directory | <u>T1490</u> Inhibit System Recovery | <u>T1486</u> Data Encrypted for | | |

X Indicators of Compromise (IOCs)

| ТҮРЕ | VALUE | 11101 |
|-----------|---|-------------|
| | A1B98B1FBF69AF79E5A3F27AA6256417488CC117, | 01011 |
| | F0A25529B0D0AABCE9D72BA46AAF1C78C5B48C31, | |
| | 2BA9BF8DD320990119F42F6F68846D8FB14194D6, | 11010 |
| | 888F27DD2269119CF9524474A6A0B559D0D201A1, | 1 1 0-1-0- |
| SHA1 | BA14C43031411240A0836BEDF8C8692B54698E05, | |
| | 8A85C1399A0E404C8285A723C4214942A45BBFF9, | 10101 |
| | 612EC1D41B2AA2518363B18381FD89C12315100F, | |
| | 7310D6399683BA3EB2F695A2071E0E45891D743B, | 0.0 0 0.0 |
| | 7310D6399683BA3EB2F695A2071E0E45891D743B | |
| File Name | dtest dll |)10101 |
| | fxc exe | |
| | fdasvc.exe. | 00001 |
| | praxisbackup.exe. | • • O • |
| | praxisbackup.exe, | 0.0.1.1.1 |
| | pay.exe, | |
| | win32.exe, | 10101 |
| | Sysmon64.sys, | |
| | Sysprox.sys | Veso 1 0 1 |
| File Path | C:\Windows\Debug\b cache | 2020 I. U.I |
| | C:\Windows\Debug\a.cache | 10101 |
| | C:\Windows\Debug\fail tyt | |
| | C:\Windows\Debug\stop exe | |
| | er (mindens (Bebag (stop)exe | 700101 |

Recent Breaches

http://weisermemorialhospital.org http://summervillepolice.com http://pioneerworldwide.com http://diligentusa.com http://gerard-perrier.com http://jla.com http://jla.com http://dmedelivers.com http://shamrocktradingcorp.com http://orga-soft.de http://rexmoore.com http://firstmac.com.au http://firstmac.com.au

References

https://www.welivesecurity.com/en/eset-research/embargo-ransomware-rocknrust/

THREAT ADVISORY • ATTACK REPORT (Red) 6 8 Hive Pro •

What Next?

At **<u>Hive Pro</u>**, it is our mission to detect the most likely threats to your organization and to help you prevent them from happening.

Book a free demo with <u>HivePro Uni5</u>: Threat Exposure Management Platform.

Contextualize Unis Threat Exposure Management

REPORT GENERATED ON

October 28, 2024 • 7:30 AM

© 2024 All Rights are Reserved by Hive Pro



More at www.hivepro.com