

HiveForce Labs

# THREAT ADVISORY

 **ATTACK REPORT**

## SloppyLemming's Relentless Pursuit of Asian Targets

Date of Publication

October 4, 2024

Admiralty Code

A1

TA Number

TA2024379

# Summary

**Attack Commenced:** 2022

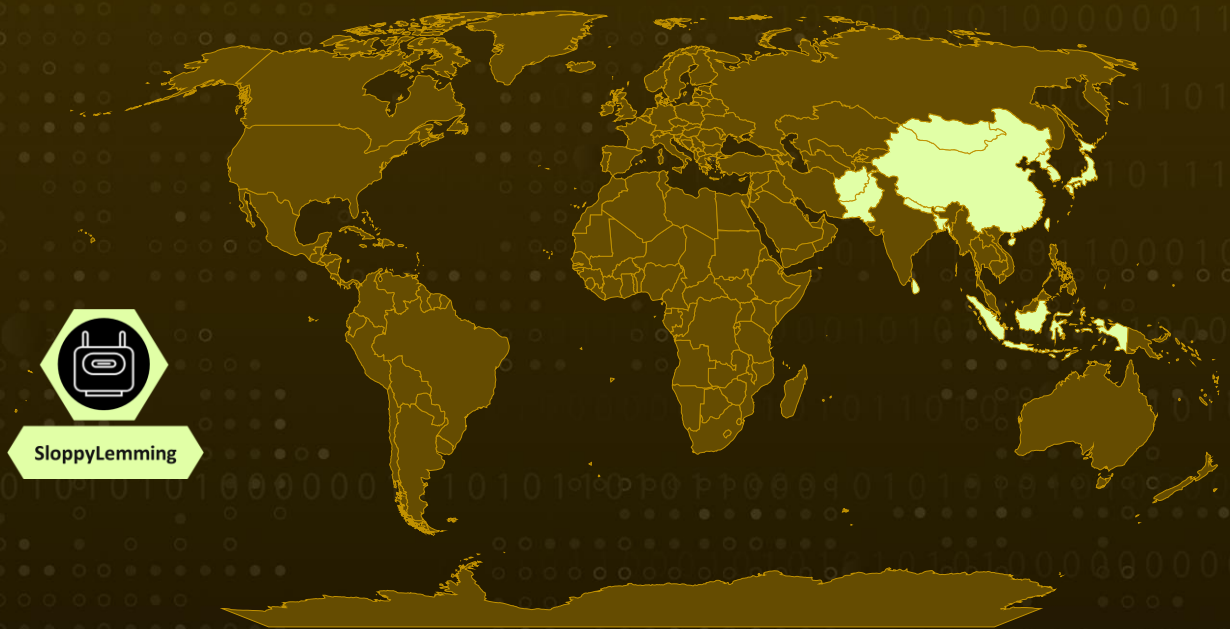
**Threat Actor:** SloppyLemming (aka Outrider Tiger, Fishing Elephant)

**Targeted Countries:** Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, China, Hong Kong, Indonesia, Japan, Macau, Maldives, Mongolia, Nepal, North Korea, Pakistan, South Korea, Sri Lanka, Taiwan

**Targeted Industries:** Construction, Defense, Education, Energy, Equipment operators, Foreign Affairs, Government, IT providers, Law enforcement, Legislative, Logistics, Technology, Telecommunications, Textile, Transportation

**Attack:** SloppyLemming, an advanced threat actor likely originating from India, has been conducting a sophisticated cyberespionage campaign across South and East Asia. Leveraging Cloudflare Workers, they orchestrate a series of malicious activities, including credential theft and malware deployment.

## 🗡️ Attack Regions



## ⚙️ CVE

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CVE	NAME	AFFECTED PRODUCT	ZERO-DAY	CISA KEV	PATCH
<a href="#">CVE-2023-38831</a>	RARLAB WinRAR Code Execution Vulnerability	WinRAR version 6.22 and older versions	✓	✓	✓

# Attack Details

## #1

Since late 2022, SloppyLemming, a sophisticated threat actor with origins in India, has systematically exploited Cloudflare Workers as part of a wide-reaching espionage campaign, focusing on South and East Asian nations. Their operations encompass various malicious activities, including credential harvesting, malware deployment, and command-and-control (C2) tactics.

## #2

Evidence suggests that SloppyLemming has been active since at least July 2021, with previous campaigns utilizing malware strains like Ares RAT and WarHawk. The group employs advanced adversary emulation frameworks such as Cobalt Strike and Havoc.

## #3

Their attack sequence often begins with a phishing email, prompting victims to engage with a malicious link that redirects to a spoofed login portal hosted via a Cloudflare Worker. In one recent campaign, SloppyLemming leveraged Dropbox to store a RAR archive that exploited the WinRAR vulnerability (CVE-2023-38831).

## #4

This malicious archive included a decoy PDF, an executable disguised as a PDF, and a DLL designed for side-loading by the executable. While the decoy PDF was displayed to the victim, the executable covertly loaded CRYPTSP.dll, a downloader that retrieved a remote access trojan from Dropbox.

## #5

Further demonstrating their technical expertise, SloppyLemming developed a custom tool called CloudPhish, which creates a rogue Cloudflare Worker to log and exfiltrate credentials. In certain attacks, they even used compromised Workers to gather Google OAuth tokens, showcasing their evolving capabilities.

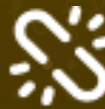
# Recommendations



**Deploy Advanced Email Security Solutions:** Utilize cloud-based email security platforms to protect against phishing attacks, business email compromise (BEC), and other email-borne threats. These solutions often include advanced threat protection features such as sandboxing, URL rewriting, and attachment scanning to detect and block malicious content before it reaches users.



**Implement a Zero Trust Architecture:** Adopt a Zero Trust security model that operates on the principle of "never trust, always verify." This approach requires strict identity verification for every person and device trying to access resources on your network, regardless of whether they are inside or outside the network perimeter.



**Maintain Up-to-Date Software and Systems:** Ensure that all systems, especially those running WinRAR and Microsoft products, have the latest security updates installed. Regularly updating software closes vulnerabilities that threat actors like SloppyLemming could exploit. Conduct regular scans to identify and remediate security weaknesses in your infrastructure.



**Vulnerability Management:** This involves regularly assessing and updating software to address known vulnerabilities. Maintain an inventory of software versions and security patches, and evaluate the security practices of third-party vendors, especially for critical applications and services.

## Potential MITRE ATT&CK TTPs

<b><u>TA0001</u></b> Initial Access	<b><u>TA0002</u></b> Execution	<b><u>TA0003</u></b> Persistence	<b><u>TA0005</u></b> Defense Evasion
<b><u>TA0006</u></b> Credential Access	<b><u>TA0007</u></b> Discovery	<b><u>TA0010</u></b> Exfiltration	<b><u>TA0011</u></b> Command and Control
<b><u>TA0040</u></b> Impact	<b><u>T1566</u></b> Phishing	<b><u>T1566.001</u></b> Spearphishing Attachment	<b><u>T1059</u></b> Command and Scripting Interpreter
<b><u>T1204</u></b> User Execution	<b><u>T1204.002</u></b> Malicious File	<b><u>T1574</u></b> Hijack Execution Flow	<b><u>T1574.002</u></b> DLL Side-Loading
<b><u>T1562</u></b> Impair Defenses	<b><u>T1055</u></b> Process Injection	<b><u>T1212</u></b> Exploitation for Credential Access	<b><u>T1580</u></b> Cloud Infrastructure Discovery
<b><u>T1526</u></b> Cloud Service Discovery	<b><u>T1530</u></b> Data from Cloud Storage	<b><u>T1105</u></b> Ingress Tool Transfer	<b><u>T1041</u></b> Exfiltration Over C2 Channel

**T1059.003**

Windows Command Shell

**T1068**

Exploitation for Privilege Escalation

**T1499**

Endpoint Denial of Service

**T1071**

Application Layer Protocol

## ✂ Indicators of Compromise (IOCs)

TYPE	VALUE
<b>Domain</b>	storage-e13[.]sharepoint-e13[.]workers[.]dev, mailpitb-securedocs.zapto[.]org, pitb[.]gov-pkgov[.]workers[.]dev, sco.zapto[.]org, mofapak[.]info, confidential.zapto[.]org, humariweb[.]info, modp-pk[.]org, itsupport-gov[.]com, apl-org[.]online, apl-com[.]icu, maldevfudding[.]com, navybd-gov[.]info, adobefileshare[.]com, hurr.zapto[.]org, hascolgov[.]info, helpdesk-lab[.]site, crec-bd[.]site, jammycanonicalupdates[.]cloud, locaal[.]navybd-gov[.]info, openkm[.]paknavy-pk[.]org, cloud[.]adobefileshare[.]com, quran-books[.]store, redzone2[.]apl-org[.]online, hurr[.]zapto[.]org, login[.]apl-org[.]online, owa-spamcheck[.]apl-org[.]online, dawn[.]apl-org[.]online, hit-pk[.]org, blabla[.]apl-com[.]icu, acrobat[.]paknavy-pk[.]org, paknavy-pk[.]org, mail[.]pakistangov[.]com, mail[.]apl-com[.]icu, 168-gov[.]info, browser[.]apl-org[.]online,



TYPE	VALUE
<b>Domain</b>	docs[.]apl-com[.]icu, new[.]apl-org[.]online, mozilla[.]apl-org[.]online, m[.]opensecurity-legacy[.]com, monitor[.]opensecurity-legacy[.]com, sensors[.]opensecurity-legacy[.]com, static[.]opensecurity-legacy[.]com, bin[.]opensecurity-legacy[.]com, api[.]opensecurity-legacy[.]com, frontend-m[.]opensecurity-legacy[.]com, accounts[.]opensecurity-legacy[.]com, opensecurity-legacy[.]com, oil[.]hascolgov[.]info, hesco[.]hascolgov[.]info, local[.]hascolgov[.]info, updpcn[.]online, update[.]apl-org[.]online, zero-berlin-covenant[.]apl-org[.]online, fonts[.]apl-org[.]online, localhost[.]apl-com[.]icu, cloud[.]cflayerprotection[.]com, secure[.]cflayerprotection[.]com, cflayerprotection[.]com, data[.]cloudflares[.]com, secure[.]cloudflares[.]com, cloudflares[.]com, www[.]cloudflares[.]com, redzone[.]apl-org[.]online
<b>File Name</b>	CamScanner-06-10-2024-15.29.pdf, CRYPTSP.dll, CamScanner 06-12-2024 15.29.pdf .exe, CIM and IT-Integration.pdf.url, PITB-JR5124.exe, sspicli.dll, profapi.dll, profapis.dll, Outlook.eml/ NekroWire.dll
<b>IPv4</b>	47[.]74[.]10[.]112, 47[.]83[.]23[.]246, 159[.]65[.]6[.]251, 139[.]59[.]109[.]136, 37[.]27[.]41[.]167, 47[.]237[.]105[.]113, 185[.]249[.]198[.]218, 8[.]222[.]235[.]145, 8[.]219[.]169[.]226,

TYPE	VALUE
<b>IPv4</b>	47[.]237[.]20[.]135, 47[.]245[.]56[.]29, 47[.]237[.]20[.]201, 47[.]237[.]25[.]198, 47[.]245[.]2[.]77, 208[.]85[.]22[.]252, 8[.]219[.]114[.]124, 47[.]236[.]65[.]190, 47[.]245[.]114[.]11, 47[.]76[.]61[.]241, 149[.]28[.]153[.]250, 47[.]245[.]42[.]208, 47[.]74[.]84[.]168, 47[.]74[.]87[.]155, 159[.]253[.]120[.]25, 207[.]148[.]73[.]145, 47[.]254[.]229[.]56, 47[.]76[.]181[.]76, 47[.]245[.]126[.]218, 142[.]93[.]139[.]164, 45[.]137[.]116[.]8
<b>SHA256</b>	fb4397c837c7e401712764f953723153d5bb462bc944518959288ea47d ec6446, 95cf90b2610c6f0ec67c1d669cd252468f6c3b8eaeaa588f342d2bd74d90 e093, 337ca61e23bcb86f26dc40a36316621b74ec6f29a55820899ed30b03b69 a6025, b6ae5b714f18ca40a111498d0991e1e30cd95317b4904d2ef0d49937f05 52000, e3bc0246ab95b527aa86e52e62f554ab8db04523f35aee50b508d0fa48a b49f7, b53c7b13a4af47c3976bfad63fe9c5fd988dc0807dd040e8d63d790b6539 4afb, 06f82a8d80ec911498e3493ebefa8ad45e102dd887ce2edc11f8f51bafab 2e80, ac3dff91982709f575cfbc6954b61130b4eeab5d3759772db220f1b76836 be4d, 3dfb8d198de95090e2ad3ffc9d9846af5c3074563acb0ce5b0ef62b20e4b f432, 82e99ceea9e6d31555b0f2bf637318fd97e5609e3d4d1341aec39db2e26 cf211
<b>URL</b>	hxxps[:]//mail-na-gov-pk[.]na-gov-pk[.]workers[.]dev/api/login, hxxps[:]//zoom[.]osutuga7[.]workers[.]dev/authenticate

## Patch Details

Upgrading to WinRAR version 6.23 or later is highly recommended.

## References

<https://www.cloudflare.com/en-in/threat-intelligence/research/report/unraveling-sloppylemmings-operations-across-south-asia/>

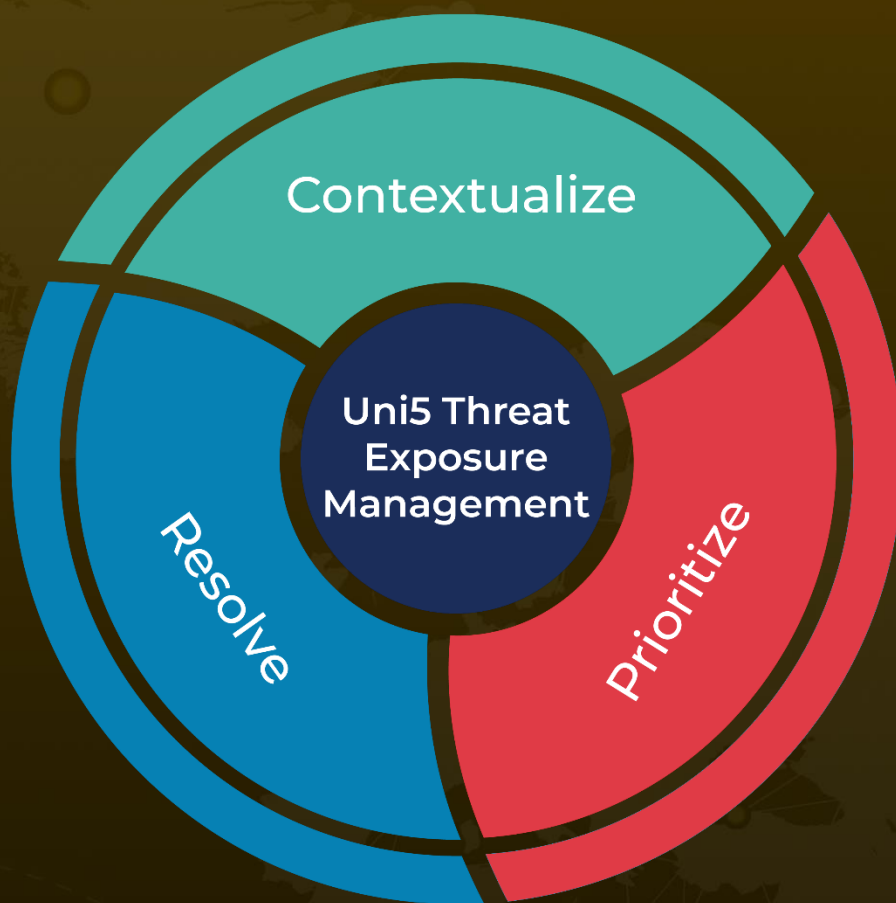
<https://hivepro.com/threat-advisory/winrar-zero-day-exploit-targeting-traders-since-april/>



# What Next?

At **Hive Pro**, it is our mission to detect the most likely threats to your organization and to help you prevent them from happening.

Book a free demo with **HivePro Uni5**: Threat Exposure Management Platform.



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