

HiveForce Labs

# THREAT ADVISORY

**ATTACK REPORT**

## Meow Ransomware Resurfaces with an Extortion-Centric Model

Date of Publication

September 4, 2024

Admiralty Code

A1

TA Number

TA2024339

# Summary

**First Seen:** August 2022

**Malware:** Meow Ransomware (alias MeowCorp, MeowLeaks)

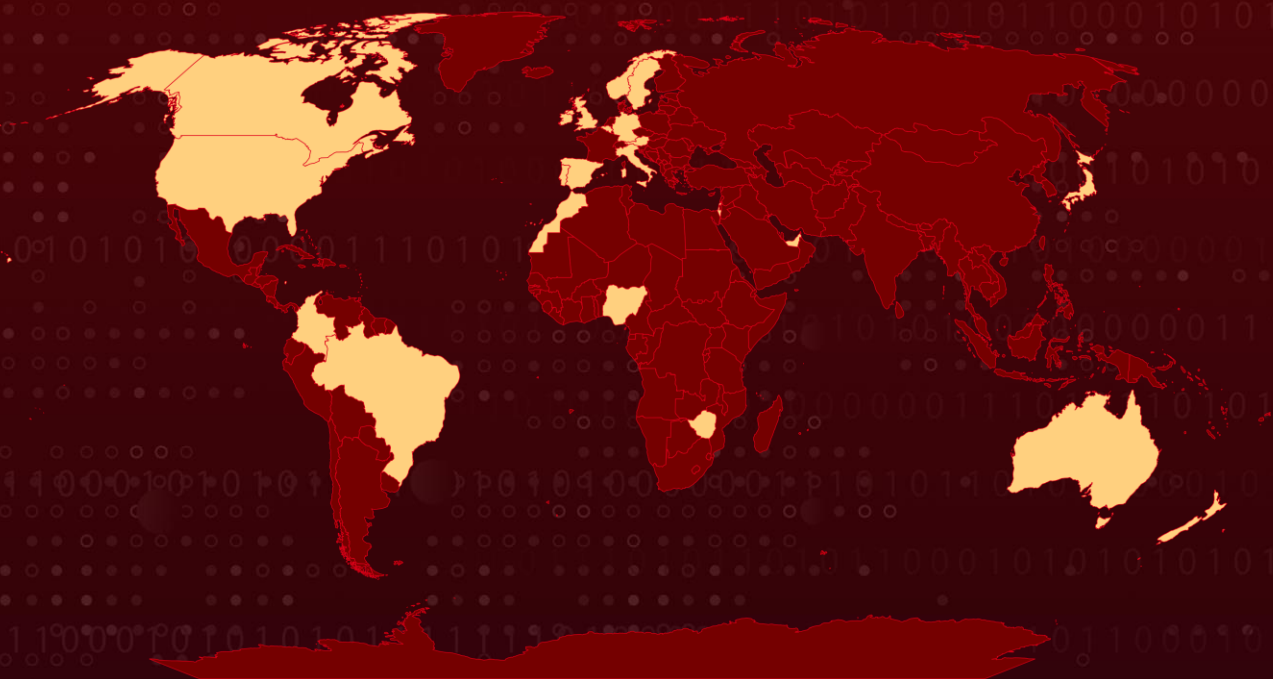
**Targeted Countries:** Australia, Austria, Belgium, Brazil, Canada, Colombia, Germany, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Morocco, New Zealand, Nigeria, Norway, Portugal, Singapore, South America, Spain, Sweden, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom, United States, Zimbabwe

**Ransom Demand:** \$199 - \$500,000

**Targeted Industries:** Aerospace, Aviation, Banking, Business Services & Consulting, Dairy Industry, Defense, Education, Energy, Financial Services, Food & Beverage, Government, Healthcare, Hospitality, Information Technology, Insurance, Legal, Manufacturing, Oil & Gas, Pharmaceutical, Professional Services, Retail, Technology, Transportation

**Attack:** In late 2022, the Meow ransomware variant emerged, originating from the leak of Conti's ransomware strain. Despite a temporary halt following the release of a free decryptor in March 2023, Meow resurfaced in 2024, swiftly claiming new victims. It is suspected that the latest version may now operate primarily as an extortion group.

## Attack Regions



# Attack Details

## #1

In late 2022, following the [leak of Conti](#)'s ransomware strain, a variant known as Meow ransomware emerged. This crypto-ransomware was first detected in late August, continued its activities through mid-September 2022, and persisted until February 2023. By March 2023, a free decryptor for Meow ransomware became available, effectively ending its operations.

## #2

However, Meow resurfaced in 2024, demonstrating a swift return with 62 victims reported this year. The latest version of Meow ransomware may now be functioning solely as an extortion group, assuming it is the same entity. Meow utilizes the ChaCha20 encryption algorithm to compromise data on targeted servers.

## #3

Although their list of targeted countries is limited, the majority of their victims are based in the United States. They likely focus on organizations holding sensitive information, as encryption alone may no longer suffice to coerce ransom payments. Frequently targeted sectors include healthcare, oilfield services, and medical.

## #4

Meow ransomware spreads via multiple attack vectors, including unsecured Remote Desktop Protocol (RDP) configurations, email spam containing malicious attachments, deceptive downloads, botnets, exploits, malvertising, web injections, fake updates, and infected software installers.

## #5

Once deployed, the ransomware encrypts various file types, appending ".MEOW" as the file extension. The attackers prefer victims to communicate through email or Telegram, with contact information provided in the ransom note titled "readme.txt."

## #6

Notably, Meow's evolution suggests a potential shift toward an extortion-centric model, where attackers threaten to publicly release stolen sensitive data to pressure victims into paying ransoms. This change reflects a strategic pivot from traditional encryption-based ransomware attacks to more complex cyber extortion schemes.

# Recommendations



**Secure RDP and Email Protocols:** Disable or tightly secure Remote Desktop Protocol (RDP) configurations and implement anti-spam measures to block email attachments containing malicious payloads.



**Vendor and Third-Party Risk Management:** Regularly assess the security posture of third-party vendors, especially those with access to your sensitive data, to ensure they comply with stringent security standards. Require vendors to undergo regular security audits and maintain adherence to best security practices, mitigating risks associated with supply chain attacks.



**Honeyfiles and Honeypots:** Deploy deception technology employing honeyfiles (fake sensitive documents) and honeypots to detect ransomware activity early. These files can lure attackers and trigger alarms when accessed, helping to identify and respond to Meow ransomware attempts before they escalate.



**Utilize Open-Source Exploit Tools:** Incorporate tools like [RansomLord](#), which automate the creation of PE files to exploit vulnerabilities in ransomware. This tool helps identify and exploit weaknesses in ransomware code, potentially neutralizing threats like Meow ransomware.



**Track Outbound Traffic:** Monitor outbound network traffic for unusual spikes that may indicate data exfiltration. Configure IDS/IPS systems to send alerts when unusual outbound traffic occurs, especially to external IP addresses or suspicious domains. Establish thresholds for normal outbound data flows, and trigger alerts when traffic exceeds these thresholds, particularly during non-business hours.

## Potential MITRE ATT&CK TTPs

<b><u>TA0001</u></b> Initial Access	<b><u>TA0002</u></b> Execution	<b><u>TA0005</u></b> Defense Evasion	<b><u>TA0006</u></b> Credential Access
<b><u>TA0007</u></b> Discovery	<b><u>TA0008</u></b> Lateral Movement	<b><u>TA0009</u></b> Collection	<b><u>TA0011</u></b> Command and Control
<b><u>TA0010</u></b> Exfiltration	<b><u>TA0040</u></b> Impact	<b><u>T1071</u></b> Application Layer Protocol	<b><u>T1573</u></b> Encrypted Channel
<b><u>T1190</u></b> Exploit Public-Facing Application	<b><u>T1133</u></b> External Remote Services	<b><u>T1566</u></b> Phishing	<b><u>T1129</u></b> Shared Modules
<b><u>T1027</u></b> Obfuscated Files or Information	<b><u>T1027.005</u></b> Indicator Removal from Tools	<b><u>T1036</u></b> Masquerading	<b><u>T1041</u></b> Exfiltration Over C2 Channel



<b><u>T1056</u></b> Input Capture	<b><u>T1057</u></b> Process Discovery	<b><u>T1082</u></b> System Information Discovery	<b><u>T1083</u></b> File and Directory Discovery
<b><u>T1497</u></b> Virtualization/Sandbox Evasion	<b><u>T1518</u></b> Software Discovery	<b><u>T1518.001</u></b> Security Software Discovery	<b><u>T1080</u></b> Taint Shared Content
<b><u>T1486</u></b> Data Encrypted for Impact	<b><u>T1021.001</u></b> Remote Desktop Protocol	<b><u>T1189</u></b> Drive-by Compromise	<b><u>T1204.002</u></b> Malicious File

## ✂ Indicators of Compromise (IOCs)

TYPE	VALUE
<b>SHA256</b>	fe311979cd099677b1fd7c5b2008aed000f0e38d58eb3bfd30d04444476416f9, 7f6421cdf6355edfdcbddadd26bcdfbf984def301df3c6c03d71af8e30bb781f, 7f624cfb74685effcb325206b428db2be8ac6cce7b72b3edebbe8e310a645099, 5a936250411bf5709a888db54680c131e9c0f40ff4ff04db4aeda5443481922f, 222e2b91f5becea8c7c05883e4a58796a1f68628fbb0852b533fed08d8e9b853, b5b105751a2bf965a6b78eeff100fe4c75282ad6f37f98b9adcd15d8c64283ec
<b>SHA1</b>	59e756e0da6a82a0f9046a3538d507c75eb95252, 987ad5aa6aee86f474fb9313334e6c9718d68daf, 94a9da09da3151f306ab8a5b00f60a38b077d594, 5949c404aee552fc8ce29e3bf77bd08e54d37c59, 578b1b0f46491b9d39d21f2103cb437bc2d71cac, 4f5d4e9d1e3b6a46f450ad1fb90340dfd718608b
<b>MD5</b>	8f154ca4a8ee50dc448181afbc95cfd7, 4dd2b61e0ccf633e008359ad989de2ed, 3eff7826b6eea73b0206f11d08073a68, 1d70020ddf6f29638b22887947dd5b9c, 033acf3b0f699a39becdc71d3e2dddcc, 0bbb9b0d573a9c6027ca7e0b1f5478bf
<b>TOR Address</b>	meow6xanhzfc2gbkn3lmbqq7xjjufskkdfocqdngt3ltvzgqpsg5mid[.]onion, totos7fquprkecvsl2jwy72v32glgkp2ejeqlnx5ynnxbvbebnletqd[.]onion

## Recent Breaches

<https://iccesar.com>  
<https://nobi.as>  
<https://doncoandsons.com>  
<https://grupomodestocerqueira.com>  
<https://caseificioaltavalsesia.com>  
<https://specialoilfieldservices.com>  
<https://successmicrofinancebank.com>  
<https://yshilat.com>  
<https://diamcad.com>  
<https://modulkit.com>  
<https://finlogic.it>  
<https://woden.com>  
<https://wt-gruber.de>  
<https://artesianiachopo.com>  
<https://barkalfood.com>  
<https://vanslumberandcustombuilders.com>  
<https://completepayrollsolutions.com>  
<https://allparksinsurance.com>  
<https://optimizeegs.com>  
<https://southamericantours.com>  
<https://burnsindustrialequipment.com>  
<https://certifiedtransmission.com>  
<https://lennartsfors.com>  
<https://rostanceedwards.com>  
<https://zyduspharmaceuticals.com>  
<https://ezup.com>  
<https://americancontractsystems.com>  
<https://aerotechsolutions.com>  
<https://safefood.com>  
<https://gastonfence.com>  
<https://elementfoodsolutions.com>  
<https://huduser.gov>  
<https://kla.com>  
<https://fatboycellular.com>  
<https://banxsystems.com>

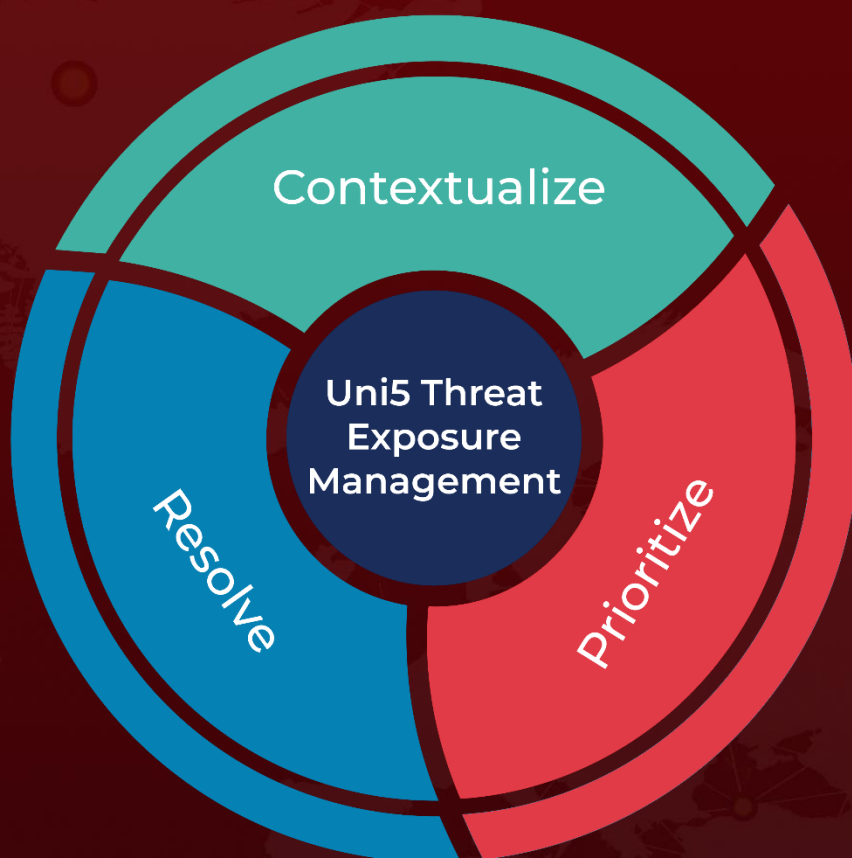
## References

<https://socradar.io/dark-web-profile-meow-ransomware/>  
<https://hivepro.com/threat-advisory/new-ransomware-variants-created-using-leaked-conti-source-code/>  
<https://github.com/malvuln/RansomLord>

# What Next?

At Hive Pro, it is our mission to detect the most likely threats to your organization and to help you prevent them from happening.

Book a free demo with HivePro Uni5: Threat Exposure Management Platform.



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