

HiveForce Labs

# THREAT ADVISORY

**ATTACK REPORT**

## **AtlasCross Exploits Organizations with DangerAds and AtlasAgent Trojans**

Date of Publication

September 28, 2023

Admiralty Code

A1

TA Number

TA2023391

# Summary

**Attack Began:** September 2023

**Attack Region:** United States

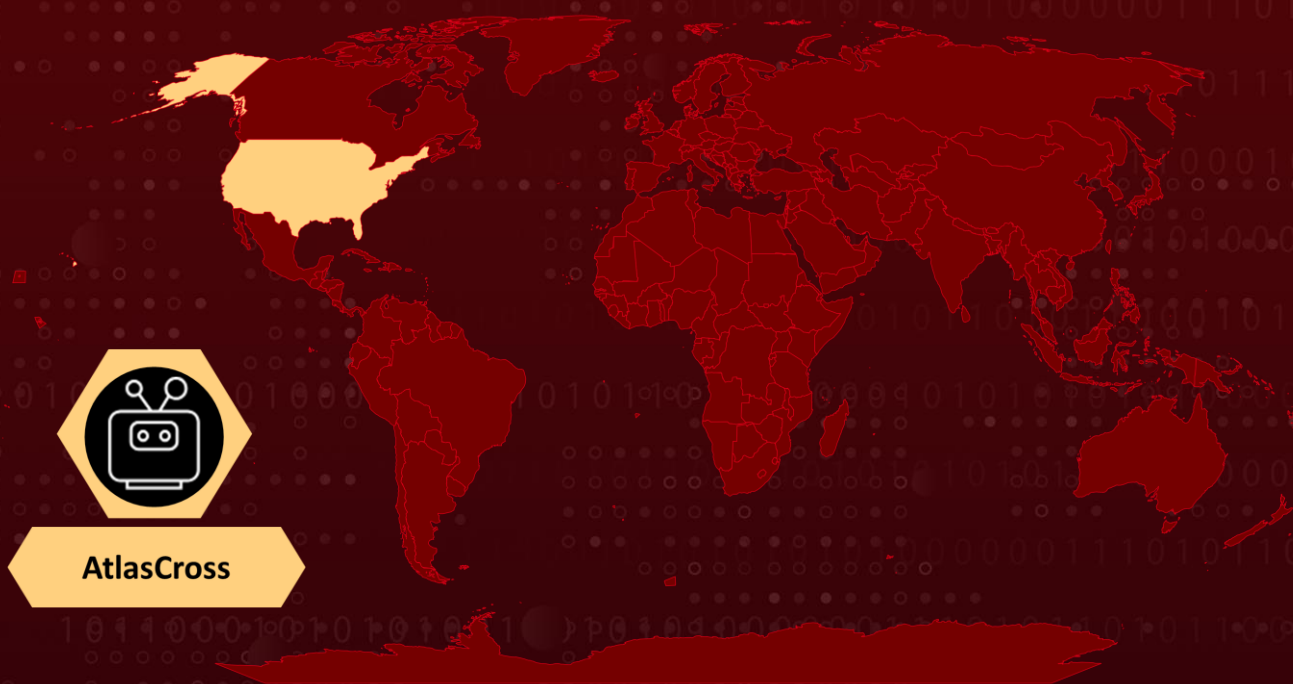
**Affected Industries:** Healthcare

**Actor Name:** AtlasCross

**Malware:** DangerAds, AtlasAgent

**Attack:** A new threat actor by the name of AtlasCross has been identified employing phishing tactics that use Red Cross-themed lures as part of their attack strategy. These phishing campaigns are being used to distribute two previously unidentified trojans known as DangerAds and AtlasAgent.

## 🗡️ Attack Regions



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# Attack Details

## #1

A new Advanced Persistent Threat (APT) actor, referred to as AtlasCross, has emerged with a primary focus on conducting targeted attacks against specific hosts within a network domain. This threat actor is employing Red Cross-themed phishing lures as part of their attack tactics to deliver two previously unidentified trojans, known as DangerAds and AtlasAgent. The phishing attack activity that has been captured is a crucial element of the attacker's broader strategy aimed at specific targets.

## #2

The attack chains commence with a Microsoft document that has been injected with a malicious macro. This document typically disguises itself as information related to a blood donation drive organized by the American Red Cross. When a victim opens this document and activates the embedded malicious macro, leading to the establishment of a persistent presence, and the exfiltration of system metadata to a remote server hosted at "data.vectorse[.]com." Remarkably, this server is a sub-domain of a legitimate website associated with a U.S.-based structural and engineering company.

## #3

This attack process can be segmented into three distinct phases: the decoy document phase, the loader phase, and the Trojan horse phase. In the initial phase of the attack flow, which is the decoy document phase, malicious macrocode embedded within the decoy document comes into play. The primary functions of this malicious macro involve deploying a payload, configuring scheduled tasks, and uploading essential information about the victim's host.

## #4

The program known as KB4495667.pkg, introduced by the malicious macrocode, plays a central role in the second phase of this attack sequence. In parallel, the same malicious macro extracts another file, labeled DangerAds, which functions as a loader. This loader's purpose is to execute shellcode that initiates the deployment of AtlasAgent, a versatile C++ malware with a range of capabilities. AtlasAgent is adept at gathering system information, conducting shellcode operations, executing commands for establishing a reverse shell, and injecting code into a designated process's specific thread.

## #5

The DangerAds will eventually load either an x86 or x64 version of a DLL program into memory, with AtlasAgent serving as the final payload in this attack sequence for the final phase.

# Recommendations



**Robust Endpoint Security:** Deploy advanced endpoint security solutions that include real-time malware detection and behavioral analysis. Regularly update antivirus and anti-malware software to ensure the latest threat definitions are in place. A multi-layered approach to endpoint security can prevent malware from infiltrating the network through vulnerable endpoints and can detect and block malicious activities effectively.



**Email Security:** Enhance email security measures and educate users on recognizing social engineering tactics to mitigate the risk of falling prey to phishing attacks leveraging deceptive zip file attachments.



## Potential MITRE ATT&CK TTPs

<b><u>TA0042</u></b> Resource Development	<b><u>TA0003</u></b> Persistence	<b><u>TA0005</u></b> Defense Evasion	<b><u>TA0011</u></b> Command and Control
<b><u>TA0007</u></b> Discovery	<b><u>T1053</u></b> Scheduled Task/Job	<b><u>T1055</u></b> Process Injection	<b><u>T1620</u></b> Reflective Code Loading
<b><u>T1001</u></b> Data Obfuscation	<b><u>T1027</u></b> Obfuscated Files or Information	<b><u>T1027.005</u></b> Indicator Removal from Tools	<b><u>T1134</u></b> Access Token Manipulation
<b><u>T1218</u></b> System Binary Proxy Execution	<b><u>T1218.011</u></b> Rundll32	<b><u>T1497</u></b> Virtualization/Sandbox Evasion	<b><u>T1562</u></b> Impair Defenses
<b><u>T1562.001</u></b> Disable or Modify Tools	<b><u>T1016</u></b> System Network Configuration Discovery	<b><u>T1583</u></b> Acquire Infrastructure	<b><u>T1518</u></b> Software Discovery
<b><u>T1105</u></b> Ingress Tool Transfer	<b><u>T1573</u></b> Encrypted Channel	<b><u>T1082</u></b> System Information Discovery	

## 🔗 Indicators of Compromise (IOCs)

TYPE	VALUE
<b>Domains</b>	data.vectorse[.]com, activequest.goautodial[.]com, ops-ca.mioying[.]com, app.basekwt[.]com, secure.poliigon[.]com, engage.adaptqe[.]com, chat.thedresscodeapp[.]com, superapi-staging.mlmpotec[.]com, search.allaccountingcareers[.]com, order.staging.photobookworldwide[.]com, crm.cardabel[.]com, public.pusulait[.]com
<b>Filepath</b>	%USERPROFILE%\Documents\Code\atlasagent\x64\Release\AtlasDLL.pdb
<b>MD5</b>	7195d7e4926a0a85f8e81e40ab7c0ca4, F8baf2ce6f11a32109abbab1c42e2cf, ca48431273dfcd2bd025e55f2de30635, ba85467ceff628be8b4f0e2da2a5990c

## 🔗 References

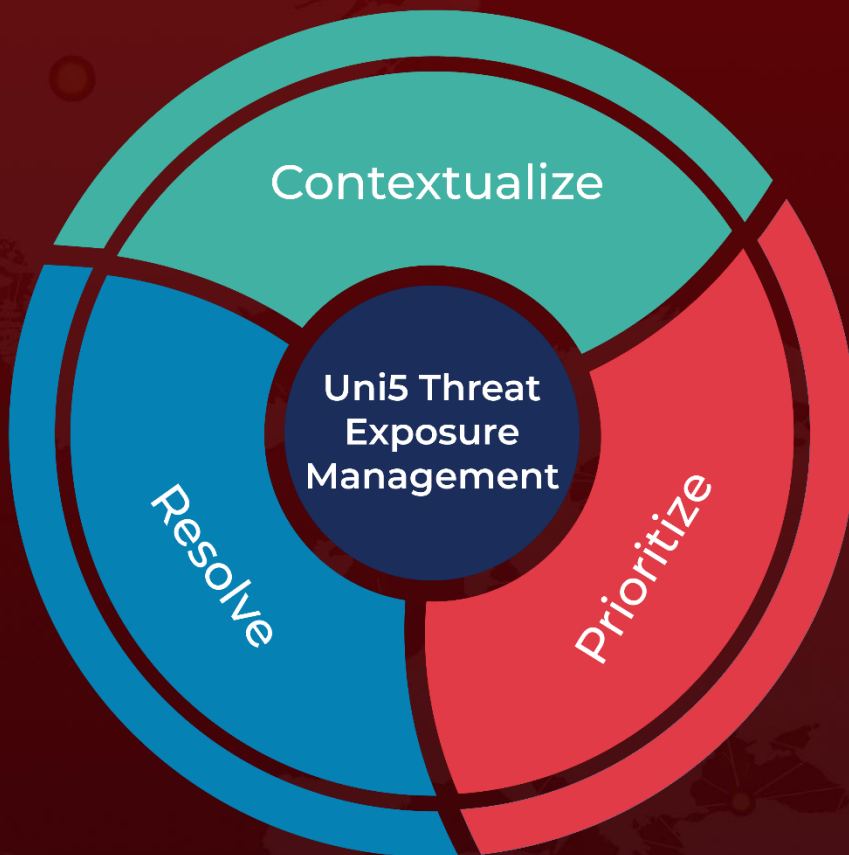
<https://nsfocusglobal.com/warning-newly-discovered-apt-attacker-atlascross-exploits-red-cross-blood-drive-phishing-for-cyberattack/>



# What Next?

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