



HiveForce Labs

THREAT ADVISORY

**ATTACK REPORT**

Unveiling The SuperBear RAT campaigns Targeting the Journalists

Date of Publication

September 6, 2023

Admiralty Code

A1

TA Number

TA2023354

Summary

First appeared: August 28, 2023

Malware: SuperBear RAT

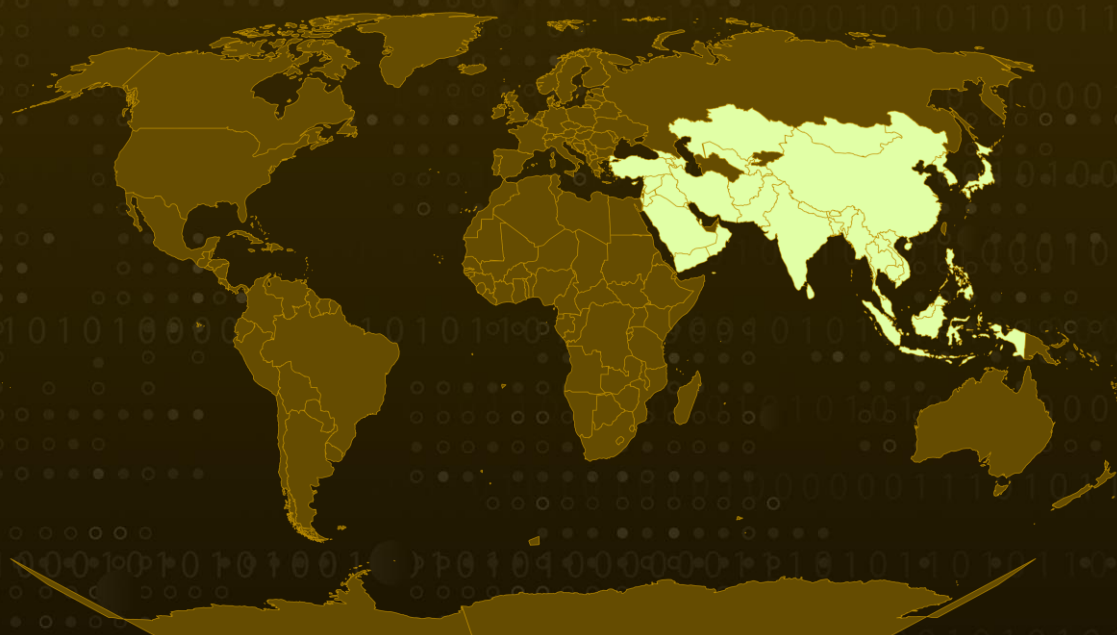
Attack Region: Asia

Targeted Industry: Media

Affected Platform: Windows

Attack: A recently discovered remote access trojan (RAT) named "SuperBear" has come to attention as it is actively utilized by hackers to target journalists that focus on covering geopolitical developments in Asia. It appears that this campaign aimed at compromising civil society groups.

Attack Regions



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Attack Details

#1

A new remote access trojan (RAT) known as SuperBear is currently being deployed by hackers and criminals, with their primary targets being journalists focusing on Asia's geopolitical landscape. A common tactic employed in this campaign involves sending victims a deceitful .LNK file via email, which is skillfully designed to mimic the appearance of an email from one of their organization's members.

#2

An AutoIT script was identified as part of this campaign, and it was employed to execute a process injection technique known as process hollowing. The specific targets of this campaign appear to be civil society groups.

#3

The attack exhibited a carefully organized series of steps aimed at maintaining stealth and avoiding detection. Following the execution of the deceptive .LNK file, a concealed PowerShell command was initiated. This action resulted in the emergence of a hidden PowerShell window, operating in parallel with the legitimate document.

#4

The PowerShell command was harnessed for obfuscation, executing a sequence of operations that culminated in the creation of a VBS script within the user's profile directory. Two payloads were extracted from a compromised WordPress instance belonging to a legitimate website.

#5

These payloads consisted of the AutoT3 executable and a compiled AutoT3 script. These components were employed to execute malicious code using the process injection technique. The malicious code attempts to generate a random filename for itself; if it cannot do so, it will be named SuperBear. This malicious code has been identified as a novel RAT (Remote Access Trojan) and has been dubbed the SuperBear RAT.

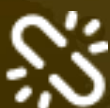
Recommendations



Email Security: Implement robust email filtering to counteract spam, phishing, and malicious attachments, and exercise caution with unverified links and email attachments by validating their authenticity before opening.



URL Filtering: Utilize URL filtering to prevent access to malicious domains and reduce the risk of inadvertent malware downloads. Additionally, vigilantly monitor network beacons to halt data exfiltration driven by malware.



Endpoint Security: Implement robust endpoint security solutions that encompass antivirus and anti-malware software. Keep these security tools up-to-date to ensure comprehensive defense against emerging threats.



Network Segmentation: Implement proper network segmentation to limit the lateral movement of malware within the network. By dividing the network into smaller, isolated segments, organizations can prevent it from accessing critical systems and sensitive data.

Potential MITRE ATT&CK TTPs

<u>TA0043</u> Reconnaissance	<u>TA0001</u> Initial Access	<u>TA0002</u> Execution	<u>TA0005</u> Defense Evasion
<u>TA0011</u> Command and Control	<u>TA0010</u> Exfiltration	<u>TA0004</u> Privilege Escalation	<u>TA0003</u> Persistence
<u>T1566</u> Phishing	<u>T1566.002</u> Spearphishing Link	<u>T1059</u> Command and Scripting Interpreter	<u>T1059.001</u> PowerShell
<u>T1204</u> User Execution	<u>T1204.001</u> Malicious Link	<u>T1036</u> Masquerading	<u>T1055</u> Process Injection
<u>T1001</u> Data Obfuscation	<u>T1041</u> Exfiltration Over C2 Channel	<u>T1055.012</u> Process Hollowing	<u>T1106</u> Native API
<u>T1574</u> Hijack Execution Flow	<u>T1574.002</u> DLL Side-Loading	<u>T1059.005</u> Visual Basic	

✂ Indicators of Compromise (IOCs)

TYPE	VALUE
SHA256	5305b8969b33549b6bd4b68a3f9a2db1e3b21c5497a5d82cec9beaeca007630e, 282e926eb90960a8a807dd0b9e8668e39b38e6961b0023b09f8b56d287ae11cb, 454cfe3be695d0a387d7877c11d3b224b3e2c7d22fc2f31f349b5c23799967ec
SHA1	557820050eaed5f32241346caeefdfff0ce44745
IP	89[.]117[.]139[.]230
Domain	hironchk[.]com
MD5	e49aaa9a5933c48feca39f3080a7b94d, 614dda72d95b5dfd732916aec0662598

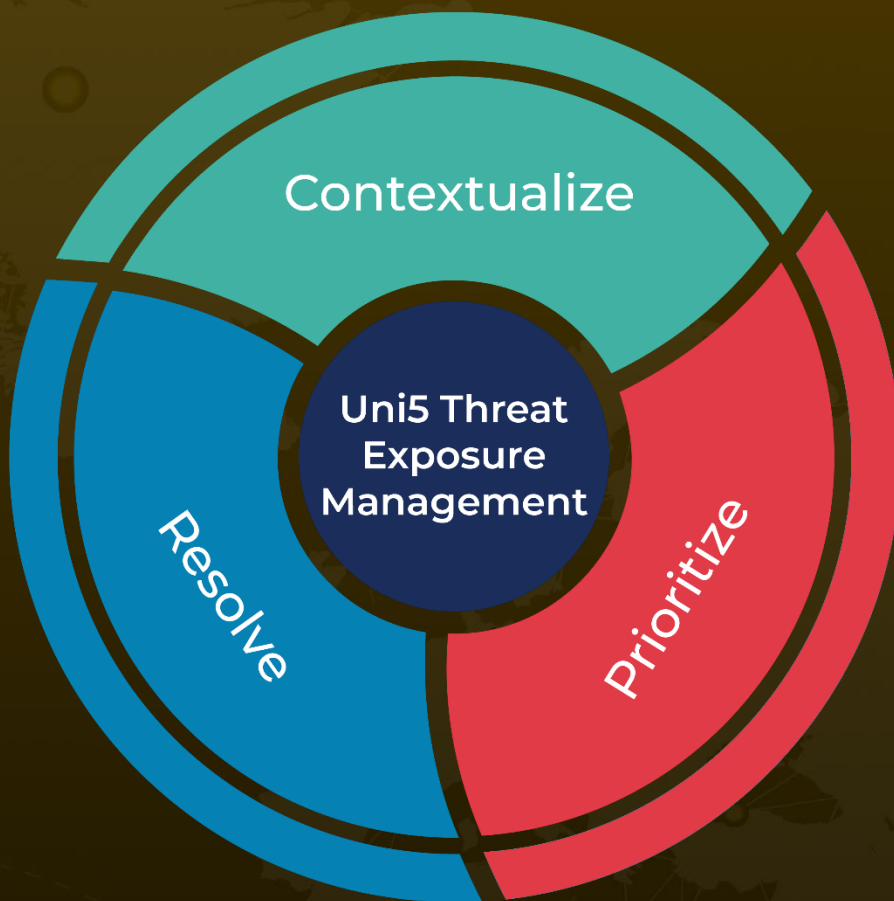
🕸 References

<https://interlab.or.kr/archives/19416>

What Next?

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