

HiveForce Labs

THREAT ADVISORY

**ATTACK REPORT**

Redfly Targets Critical Infrastructure in Asia with ShadowPad Trojan

Date of Publication

September 18, 2023

Admiralty Code

A1

TA Number

TA2023376

Summary

First Appearance: February, 2023

Attack Region: Asia

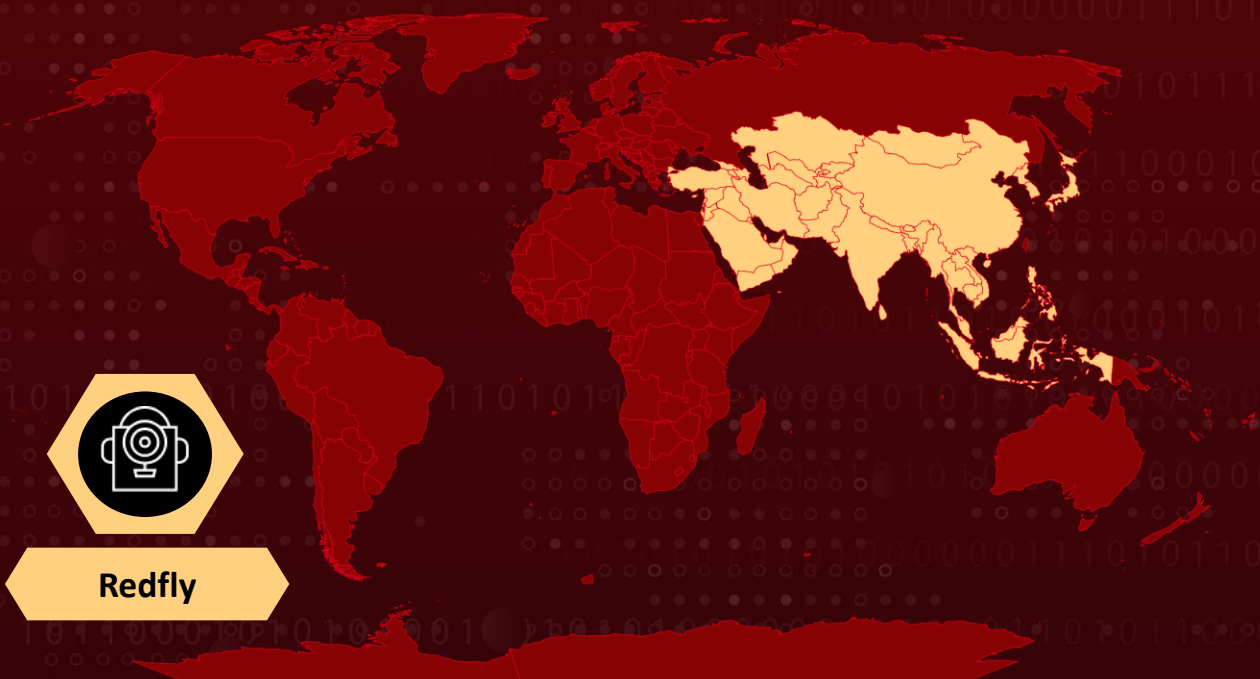
Affected Industries: Windows

Actor Name: Redfly

Malware: ShadowPad, Packerloader

Attack: Redfly, an espionage group, targeted Asian critical infrastructure, compromising a national grid for six months using ShadowPad. This underscores a rising trend in such attacks, raising global concerns. Their operation involved stealing credentials, maintaining persistence, and compromising multiple computers.

🗡️ Attack Regions



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Attack Details

#1

Redfly is an espionage actor group that has been targeting critical national infrastructure (CNI) across Asia, compromising a national grid for up to six months using the ShadowPad Trojan. This attack is part of a rising trend in CNI targeting by threat actors, posing significant concerns for governments and organizations globally. Redfly's operation involved stealing credentials, maintaining persistence, and compromising multiple computers on the network.

#2

The ShadowPad Trojan, a modular remote access tool, was utilized in this attack, with a variant of it using the domain websenc[.]com for command-and-control purposes. Additionally, the attackers employed the Packerloader tool to load and execute shellcode and a keylogger to capture keystrokes.

#3

The timeline of the attack reveals the intruders' persistent presence, beginning in February 2023 and continuing until August 2023. They conducted various activities, including credential theft, registry manipulation, and DLL side-loading, suggesting a well-coordinated and sustained operation.

#4

The increase in attacks against CNI in recent years is a growing concern, as threat actors can disrupt power supplies and essential services during periods of heightened political tension. Although there is no evidence of disruptive activity by Redfly in this case, the threat remains, given past instances of CNI attacks.

#5

Governments and CNI organizations worldwide need to remain vigilant and enhance their cybersecurity measures to protect critical infrastructure from persistent threats like Redfly.

Recommendations



Network Segmentation: Implement strong network segmentation to isolate critical systems from less critical ones. This can prevent lateral movement by attackers within the network.



Intrusion Detection Systems (IDS) and Intrusion Prevention Systems (IPS): Employ advanced IDS and IPS solutions to monitor network traffic for suspicious activity and block known threats. These systems can help detect and stop attacks in real-time.



Endpoint Security: Use robust endpoint protection solutions that include antivirus, anti-malware, and behavior-based detection to safeguard individual devices from malware and other threats.

Potential MITRE ATT&CK TTPs

<u>TA0006</u> Credential Access	<u>TA0011</u> Command and Control	<u>TA0005</u> Defense Evasion	<u>TA0003</u> Persistence
<u>TA0002</u> Execution	<u>TA0040</u> Impact	<u>TA0002</u> Execution	<u>TA0009</u> Collection
<u>T1584</u> Compromise Infrastructure	<u>T1036</u> Masquerading	<u>T1027</u> Obfuscated Files or Information	<u>T1203</u> Exploitation for Client Execution
<u>T1059</u> Command and Scripting Interpreter	<u>T1486</u> Data Encrypted for Impact	<u>T1140</u> Deobfuscate/Decode Files or Information	<u>T1012</u> Query Registry
<u>T1573.001</u> Symmetric Cryptography	<u>T1573</u> Encrypted Channel	<u>T1055.001</u> Dynamic-link Library Injection	<u>T1055</u> Process Injection
<u>T1056.001</u> Keylogging	<u>T1056</u> Input Capture	<u>T1574.002</u> DLL Side-Loading	<u>T1574</u> Hijack Execution Flow
<u>T1059.001</u> PowerShell			

🔗 Indicators of Compromise (IOCs)

TYPE	VALUE
Domain	websencl[.]com
Filepath	%SYSTEMROOT%\Intel\record.log
SHA256	73993d3b9aebf8dee50a144cf7e56b49d222a42600171df62c13d3f96824db60, 01f4e6f32070234b4203507be22cfb9d3d73b4bbd5100f62271e2161ec8813b7, 8dbc8b756cb724e2d6dc9c7c40f22c48022a8ee48da6685c4ccf580c6b5183cf, 2e642afdd36c129e6b50ae919ca608ac0006ce337f2a5a7a6fb1eef6a4ad99e7, 32d709d8d41e4ede6861ce27c9e2bb86d83be8336b45a17f567bab1869c6600a, 16f413862efda3aba631d8a7ae2bfff6d84acd9f454a7adaa518c7a8a6f375a5, 656582bf82205ac3e10b46cbbcf8abb56dd67092459093f35ce8daa64f379a2c, ac6938e03f2a076152ee4ce23a39a0bfcd676e4f0b031574d442b6e2df532646, 231d21ceefd5c70aa952e8a21523dfe6b5aae9ae6e2b71a0cdbe4e5430b4f5b3, d9438cd2cdc83e8efad7b0c9a825466efea709335b63d6181dfdc57fb1f4a4e3

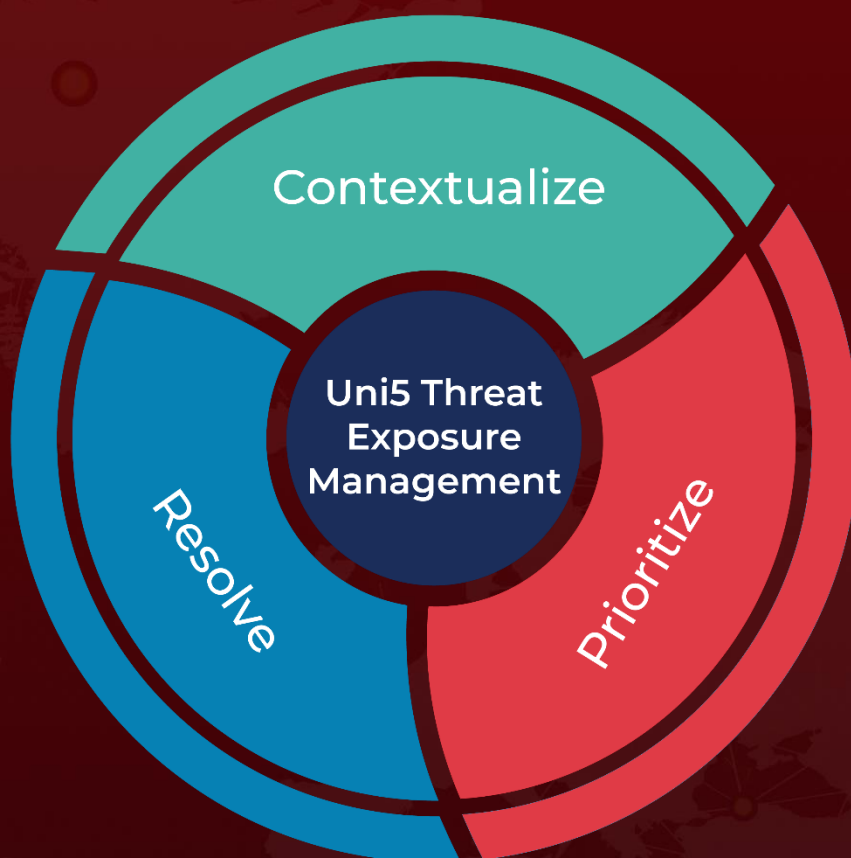
🔗 References

<https://symantec-enterprise-blogs.security.com/blogs/threat-intelligence/critical-infrastructure-attacks>

What Next?

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